

DIAMOND BRITE®

EXPOSED AGGREGATE POOL FINISHES

Diamond Brite Color Combinations

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Steel Blue | 8 Tahoe Blue + 2 Onyx |
| Aegean Sea | 4 Tahoe Blue + 6 French Gray |
| Ocean Blue | 4 Midnight Blue + 4 French Gray + 2 Onyx |
| Isla Verde | 4 Verde + 3 Midnight Blue + 3 French Gray |
| Grecian Slate | 5 French Gray + 3 Verde + 2 Onyx |
| Tahiti Blue | 8 Super Blue + 2 Tahoe Blue |
| Cool Quartz | 5 Cool Blue + 5 Blue Quartz |
| Bahama Breeze | 9 Tahoe Blue + 1 Onyx |
| Cobalt | 6 Midnight Blue + 4 Onyx |



River Rok Color Combinations

| | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Harbor Gray | 8 Granite + 2 Emerald Black |
| Blue Opal | 8 Lucayan Blue + 2 Emerald Black |



Durazzo Color Combinations

| | |
|------------------|---|
| Sea Stone | 8 Ocean Floor + 2 Slate |
| Shimmering Flats | 4 Ocean Floor + 6 French Gray |
| Moonlit Lagoon | 6 Ocean Floor + 2 Cerulean Seas + 2 Slate |
| Cobalt Coast | 6 Cerulean Seas + 4 Slate |
| Paradise Blue | 6 Ocean Floor + 2 Cerulean Seas + 1 Slate |

Fill and Balancing Quick Reference

In accordance with the National Plasterers Council, Inc. (NPC) standards, it is recommended that the following pool and spa water chemistry conditions be maintained on an ongoing basis for the longevity of the Diamond Brite pool and spa finish. These values are important to prevent corrosion, deterioration, discoloration, scaling or other problems. Follow recommended fill and balancing procedures to ensure a successful start-up. Fill pool completely and without interruption with clean, potable water. The use of a filter during fill is strongly recommended.

DO NOT ADD CHLORINE

Brush entire surface twice daily for the first three (3) days.

First Day: Add sequestering agent upon initial fill per manufacturer's instructions. Adjust pH to 7.2 - 7.6 and total alkalinity to 80 - 120 PPM. Maintain calcium hardness at a minimum of 125 PPM for the first three (3) days, then adjust to 200 - 400 PPM thereafter. Dissolve chemicals completely in water and disperse throughout pool.

Second Day: Record pH, total alkalinity, calcium hardness and temperature levels. Adjust pH to 7.4 - 7.6 and total alkalinity to 80 - 120 PPM. Dissolve all chemicals completely in water before adding to pool, and allow sufficient time for each chemical to be fully dispersed before adding other chemicals.

Third Day: Repeat steps from Second Day. Adjust chemistry to the following levels:

| | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Free Chlorine: | 1.0 - 3.0 PM |
| pH: | 7.4 - 7.6 |
| Total Alkalinity: | 80 - 120 PPM |
| Calcium Hardness: | 200 - 400 PPM |
| Stabilizer: | 30 - 60 PPM |

Adjust circulating pump timer to normal operating hours. Brush the pool walls and floor daily for the first two (2) weeks. Do not vacuum pool with wheeled vacuum for 14 days. Putting a wheel cleaner in the pool prematurely can cause wheel marks/ tracks to show up on the pool finish. Do not install an automatic pool cleaner for 28 days. No salt should be added for 28 days. Please make sure the water pH and alkalinity is balanced prior to the use of salt chlorine generators.

Should you need further assistance, please contact **SGM Technical Services** at **1.800.641.9247** or visit our website **www.sgm.cc**.